

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2010

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District Thousand Oaks, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conejo Valley Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2009-10*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conejo Valley Unified School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 educational community.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 and budgetary comparison and other postemployment information on pages 52 through 53, is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards which is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Varrink, Trin, Day & Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 15, 2010



Conejo Valley Unified School District

BUSINESS SERVICES 1400 E. Janss Road, Thousand Oaks, California 91362-2198 Telephone (805) 497-9511 • FAX (805) 497-2581

Mario V. Contini Superintendent of Schools

Jeffrey L. Baarstad, Ph. D. Deputy Superintendent

This section of Conejo Valley Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, business-type, and fiduciary.

The Governmental Activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Fiduciary Activities* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Conejo Valley Unified School District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether *its financial health is* improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets*. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for associated student body activities, scholarships, employee retiree benefits, and pensions. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets*. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The District's net assets were \$90,243,593 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Of this amount, \$17,831,012 was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities			
	 2010			
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 45,883,256	\$	54,760,012	
Capital assets	129,940,563		133,713,220	
Total Assets	175,823,819		188,473,232	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	10,553,537		12,242,291	
Long-term obligations	 75,026,689		78,889,757	
Total Liabilities	 85,580,226		91,132,048	
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	61,472,421		66,652,628	
Restricted	10,940,160		22,129,424	
Unrestricted	17,831,012		8,559,132	
Total Net Assets	\$ 90,243,593	\$	97,341,184	

The \$17,831,012 in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities			
	2010			2009
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	4,959,490	\$	5,040,634
Operating grants and contributions		34,552,187		34,494,657
Capital grants and contributions		210,452		2,246,584
General revenues:				
Federal and State aid not restricted		42,977,616		55,908,052
Property taxes		86,223,189		82,948,456
Other general revenues		16,583,888		17,179,023
Total Revenues		185,506,822		197,817,406
Expenses				
Instruction-related		135,955,445		144,701,984
Student support services		14,322,616		14,953,643
Administration		8,809,851		9,952,841
Maintenance and operations		20,922,929		27,155,773
Other		12,593,572		12,637,067
Total Expenses		192,604,413		209,401,308
Change in Net Assets	\$	(7,097,591)	\$	(11,583,902)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$192,604,413. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$86,223,189 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$4,959,490) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$34,762,639). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$59,561,504 in State funds, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Total Cost of Services				Net Cost of Services			
		2010		2009	2010			2009
Instruction	\$	118,560,188	\$	126,250,960	\$	92,395,439	\$	97,917,109
Instruction-related activities		17,395,257		18,451,024		16,061,201		16,235,478
Pupil services		14,322,616		14,953,643		6,792,270		6,917,044
Administration		8,809,851		9,952,841		7,350,965		8,702,160
Maintenance and operations		20,922,929		27,155,773		20,156,802		26,933,390
Other		12,593,572		12,637,067		10,125,607		10,914,252
Total	\$	192,604,413	\$	209,401,308	\$	152,882,284	\$	167,619,433

Table 3

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$34,961,319, which is a decrease of \$8,770,292 from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

	Balances and Activity								
	J	uly 1, 2009		Revenues	I	Expenditures	June 30, 20		
General Fund	\$	18,678,872	\$	167,852,576	\$	166,983,138	\$	19,548,310	
Building Fund		10,036,351		1,828,912		7,213,340		4,651,923	
Capital Facilities Fund		77,584		1,459,469		1,373,847		163,206	
Bond Interest and									
Redemption Fund		7,354,980		7,200,888		6,924,395		7,631,473	
Non-Major Governmental									
Funds		7,583,824		14,312,109		18,929,526		2,966,407	
Total	\$	43,731,611	\$	192,653,954	\$	201,424,246	\$	34,961,319	

The primary reasons for these increases/decreases are:

- a. The General Fund is the District's principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$869,438 to \$19,548,310. This increase is due to the transfer of the Deferred Maintenance Fund balance and the District's continued prudent business practice.
- b. The Building Fund (Bond) balance decreased by \$5,384,428 to \$4,651,923. These funds are expended in accordance with the guidelines outlined in the Measure R bond on projects approved by the Board of Education.
- c. The Non-Major Governmental Funds balance decreased by \$4,617,417 to \$2,966,407. The decrease was predominately realized in the Deferred Maintenance Fund. This decrease was the result of transferring the Deferred Maintenance Fund balance to the District's General Fund in accordance with the State Categorical Flexibility program.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on September 7, 2010. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 52).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$129,940,563 in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$3,772,657, or 2.82 percent, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities			
	2010 2009			2009
Land and construction in progress	\$ 18,671,449 \$		25,687,587	
Buildings and improvements		110,579,477		105,549,228
Equipment		689,637		2,476,405
Total	\$	129,940,563	\$	133,713,220

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of this year, the District had \$68,206,055 in bonds outstanding versus \$71,909,240 last year, a decrease of \$3,703,185. Long-term obligations consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities			
		2010 200		
General obligation bonds				
(financed with property taxes)	\$	68,206,055	\$	71,909,240
Capitalized lease obligations		3,220,041		4,417,323
Compensated absences (vacations)		990,854		849,759
Postemployment benefits obligations		2,609,739		1,713,435
Total	\$	75,026,689	\$	78,889,757

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2010

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2009-10 year, the Board of Education and management used the following criteria:

- 1. Revenue Limit Income deficit factor of 18.3550 percent with an additional reduction of 3.85 percent and negative (0.39) percent COLA.
- 2. Decline in District enrollment in part due to the opening of a second Charter School.
- 3. 5.7 percent decrease in salary with a corresponding reduction in work year.
- 4. Reduction in instructional days from 180 to 175.
- 5. Reduction in work force due to lay-offs.
- 6. Unrestricted General Fund recapture of categorical dollars (flexibility) granted under SBX3 4.
- 7. Interfund transfer of \$800,000 from the Workers' Compensation Fund.

District Staffing and enrollment forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grades kindergarten through third	21.5:1	5,381
Grades four through eight	30:1	7,561
Grades nine through twelve	30:1	7,398
Special Education (SDC)	12:1	542
Independent Study		89

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services at Conejo Valley Unified School District, 1400 E. Janss Rd., Thousand Oaks, California, 91362, or call 805/497-9511.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$ 29,552,670
Receivables	16,095,331
Stores inventories	235,255
Capital assets	
Land and construction in progress	18,671,449
Other capital assets	196,103,416
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(84,834,302)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	129,940,563
Total Assets	175,823,819
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,602,907
Interest payable	463,248
Deferred revenue	1,512,331
Claims liabilities	3,975,051
Current portion of long-term obligations	7,473,038
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	67,553,651
Total Long-Term Obligations	75,026,689
Total Liabilities	85,580,226
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	61,472,421
Restricted for:	
Debt service	7,168,225
Capital projects	1,860,553
Educational programs	714,322
Other activities	1,197,060
Unrestricted	17,831,012
Total Net Assets	\$ 90,243,593

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		р	rogram Revenu	ies	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	,i	
		Services and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Sales		Contributions	Activities	
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 118,560,188	\$ 1,312,765	\$ 24,641,532	\$ 210,452	\$ (92,395,439)	
Instruction-related activities:	* - , ,	÷)-)·	*)-)	• • • • •	• (-))	
Supervision of instruction	2,975,319	-	865,165	-	(2,110,154)	
Instructional library, media,	, ,		,			
and technology	1,286,269	-	1,893	-	(1,284,376)	
School site administration	13,133,669	243,438	223,560	-	(12,666,671)	
Pupil services:						
Home-to-school transportation	1,858,674	-	769,652	-	(1,089,022)	
Food services	5,191,707	3,053,962	2,117,097	-	(20,648)	
All other pupil services	7,272,235	15,652	1,573,983	-	(5,682,600)	
Administration:						
Data processing	2,995,998	-	624,014	-	(2,371,984)	
All other administration	5,813,853	251,971	582,901	-	(4,978,981)	
Plant services	20,922,929	81,702	684,425	-	(20,156,802)	
Ancillary services	2,145,846	-	-	-	(2,145,846)	
Community services	1,586,537	-	1,513,946	-	(72,591)	
Enterprise services	3,925,773	-	-	-	(3,925,773)	
Interest on long-term obligations	3,433,101	-	-	-	(3,433,101)	
Other outgo	1,502,315		954,019		(548,296)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 192,604,413	\$ 4,959,490	\$ 34,552,187	\$ 210,452	(152,882,284)	
	General revenues	s and subvention	IS:			
	79,109,608					
	Property taxe	es, levied for del	ot service		7,113,581	
	Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes					
	Interest and		1,151,575			
	Interagency	334,321				
	Miscellaneou	15,097,992				
		145,784,693				
	Change in Net A	Assets			(7,097,591)	
	Net Assets - Beg	-			97,341,184	
	Net Assets - End	ing			\$ 90,243,593	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010

	 General Building Fund Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	
ASSETS				
Deposits and investments	\$ 7,854,007	\$	2,957,954	\$ 1,907,238
Receivables	15,475,193		8,527	5,968
Due from other funds	799,156		1,949,901	-
Stores inventories	170,137	_	-	 -
Total Assets	\$ 24,298,493	\$	4,916,382	\$ 1,913,206
LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,186,349	\$	262,163	\$ -
Due to other funds	344,538		796	1,750,000
Deferred revenue	 1,219,296		1,500	 -
Total Liabilities	4,750,183		264,459	 1,750,000
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Revolving cash	40,000		-	-
Stores inventories	170,137		-	-
Legally restricted balances	714,322		-	-
Other reservations	3,000		-	-
Unreserved:				
Designated	11,111,661		4,485,422	-
Undesignated, reported in:				
General Fund	7,509,190		-	-
Special revenue funds	-		-	-
Debt service funds	-		-	-
Capital projects funds	 -		166,501	 163,206
Total Fund Balance	 19,548,310		4,651,923	 163,206
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances	\$ 24,298,493	\$	4,916,382	\$ 1,913,206

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Non Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	7,608,250 23,223	\$ 3,956,052 459,309	\$	24,283,501 15,972,220		
	-	330,774 65,118		3,079,831 235,255		
\$	7,631,473	\$ 4,811,253	\$	43,570,807		
\$	-	\$ 590,716	\$	4,039,228		
	-	962,595		3,057,929		
	-	 291,535		1,512,331		
	-	 1,844,846		8,609,488		
	-	-		40,000		
	-	65,118		235,255		
	-	-		714,322		
	-	-		3,000		
	-	607		15,597,690		
	-	-		7,509,190		
	-	1,131,335		1,131,335		
	7,631,473	-		7,631,473		
	-	 1,769,347	1	2,099,054		
	7,631,473	 2,966,407		34,961,319		
\$	7,631,473	\$ 4,811,253	\$	43,570,807		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 34,961,319
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net		
Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is:	\$ 214,774,865	
Accumulated depreciation is:	(84,834,302)	
Net Capital Assets		129,940,563
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized when it is incurred.		(463,248)
		(403,248)
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included		
with governmental activities.		831,648
Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term obligations at year-end consist of		
Bonds payable	(68,206,055)	
Capital leases payable	(3,220,041)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	(990,854)	
Post-employment benefits obligations	(2,609,739)	
Total Long-Term Obligations		(75,026,689)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$ 90,243,593

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund
REVENUES			
Revenue limit sources	\$ 103,952,533	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	14,334,178	-	-
Other State sources	28,818,671	-	-
Other local sources	 17,913,097	 642,006	 689,219
Total Revenues	165,018,479	 642,006	689,219
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction	109,875,371	-	-
Instruction-related activities:			
Supervision of instruction	2,988,931	-	-
Instructional library, media and technology	1,275,277	-	-
School site administration	12,601,573	-	-
Pupil services:			
Home-to-school transportation	1,859,550	-	-
Food services	-	-	-
All other pupil services	7,228,759	-	-
Administration:			
Data processing	2,802,449	-	-
All other administration	4,720,763	-	3,597
Plant services	15,743,951	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction	25,794	7,213,340	-
Ancillary services	2,163,013	-	-
Community services	1,593,673	-	-
Other outgo	1,502,315	-	-
Enterprise services	-	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	_	_	1,197,282
Interest and other	180,836	_	172,968
Total Expenditures	164,562,255	 7,213,340	 1,373,847
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 456,224	 (6,571,334)	 (684,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	· · · ·		
Transfers in	2,834,097	1,186,906	770,250
Transfers out	(2,420,883)	-	-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 413,214	 1,186,906	 770,250
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	 869,438	 (5,384,428)	 85,622
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,678,872	10,036,351	77,584
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 19,548,310	\$ 4,651,923	\$ 163,206

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
¢	¢	ф <u>102.052.522</u>			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,952,533			
-	2,156,668	16,490,846			
56,890	189,137	29,064,698			
7,143,998	9,564,248	35,952,568			
7,200,888	11,910,053	185,460,645			
-	2,952,504	112,827,875			
-	-	2,988,931			
-	-	1,275,277			
-	509,250	13,110,823			
-	-	1,859,550			
-	5,182,564	5,182,564			
-	32,743	7,261,502			
-	-	2,802,449			
-	897,008	5,621,368			
-	162,558	15,906,509			
-	453,126	7,692,260			
-	-	2,163,013			
-	-	1,593,673			
-	-	1,502,315			
-	3,948,520	3,948,520			
5,735,000		6,932,282			
1,189,395	_	1,543,199			
6,924,395	14,138,273	194,212,110			
276,493	(2,228,220)	(8,751,465)			
,					
-	2,402,056	7,193,309			
	(4,791,253)	(7,212,136)			
	(2,389,197)	(18,827)			
276,493	(4,617,417)	(8,770,292)			
7,354,980	7,583,824	43,731,611			
\$ 7,631,473	\$ 2,966,407	\$ 34,961,319			

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ (8,770,292)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 4,229,567	
Depreciation expense Net Expense Adjustment	 (6,447,043)	(2,217,476)
Loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of net assets, but is not recorded in the governmental funds.		,
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated		(1,555,181)
absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation used was less than the amounts earned by \$141,095.		(141,095)
Payment of principal on long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
General obligation bonds	5,735,000 1,197,282	
Capital leases Net Adjustment	 1,197,202	6,932,282
The liability for postemployment benefits is not recognized in the governmental funds. However, GASB Statement No. 45 requires the inclusion of the liability in the government-wide financial statements. This represents the difference between the District's annual required contribution and the contributions made (amounts		
paid in the current year for retiree health benefits).		(896,304)
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recognized in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets and increases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.		(2,031,815)
Interest on long-term obligations is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		141,913
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds.		
The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.		
		199,980

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs
of the health and welfare insurance program to the individual funds. The net
revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.\$ 1,240,397Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities\$ (7,097,591)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities			
	Workers'	Health and		
	Compensation	Welfare	Total	
	Internal	Internal	Internal	
	Service Fund	Service Fund	Service Funds	
ASSETS				
Deposits and investments	\$ 3,511,038	\$ 1,758,131	\$ 5,269,169	
Receivables	6,246	116,865	123,111	
Due from other funds	1,510,946	3,381	1,514,327	
Total Current Assets	5,028,230	1,878,377	6,906,607	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	60,204	503,475	563,679	
Due to other funds	35,991	1,500,238	1,536,229	
Claim liabilities	3,533,703	441,348	3,975,051	
Total Current Liabilities	3,629,898	2,445,061	6,074,959	
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted	1,398,332	(566,684)	831,648	
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,398,332	\$ (566,684)	\$ 831,648	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities			
	Workers'	Health and		
	Compensation	Welfare	Total	
	Internal	Internal	Internal	
	Service Fund	Service Fund	Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,765,739	\$ 21,434,722	\$ 23,200,461	
Total Operating Revenues	1,765,739	21,434,722	23,200,461	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Payroll costs	97,966	173,549	271,517	
Supplies and materials	1,421	1,758	3,179	
Services and other	-	101	101	
Professional and contract services	1,483,801	20,066,492	21,550,291	
Total Operating Expenses	1,583,188	20,241,900	21,825,088	
Operating Income	182,551	1,192,822	1,375,373	
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income	17,429	28,748	46,177	
Transfers in	-	18,827	18,827	
Total Nonoperating				
Revenues	17,429	47,575	65,004	
Change in Net Assets	199,980	1,240,397	1,440,377	
Total Net Assets - Beginning	1,198,352	(1,807,081)	(608,729)	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 1,398,332	\$ (566,684)	\$ 831,648	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal
	Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from assessments made to other funds	\$ 25,409,152
Cash payments to employees for services	(271,517)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(23,530,480)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(3,179)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,603,976
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	´
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Operating transfers in	18,827
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	18,827
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments	46,177
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	46,177
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,668,980
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	3,600,189
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 5,269,169
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING GAIN TO NET CASH PROVIDED	
FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 1,375,373
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables	(91,974)
Due from other funds	800,665
Accounts payable	290,884
Due to other funds	(770,972)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,603,976

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

ASSETS	Trust		Agency Funds		
Deposits and investments	\$	539	\$	1,269,448	
Receivables	Φ	2	φ	1,209,448	
Prepaid expenditures		-		86,103	
Stores inventories		-		169,523	
Total Assets		541	\$	1,538,350	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		-	\$	238,853	
Due to student groups		-		1,299,497	
Deferred revenue		500			
Total Liabilities		500	\$	1,538,350	
NET ASSETS					
Unreserved		41			
Total Net Assets	\$	41			

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

ADDITIONS	Trust
Private donations	\$ 540
Interest	20
Total Additions	560
DEDUCTIONS	
Other expenditures	540
Total Deductions	540
Change in Net Assets	20
Net Assets - Beginning	21
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 41

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Conejo Valley Unified School District (the District) was unified on July 1, 1974, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates 17 elementary schools, five middle schools, three high schools, a continuation high school, an adult education program, an alternative education site, and a preschool program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Conejo Valley Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of a district. All transactions except those required or permitted by law to be in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts or for major capital projects) that are restricted to the financing of particular activities:

Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only, except for State revenues which, as a result of Senate Bill 4 of the 2009-10 Third Extraordinary Session (SBX3 4), may be used for any educational purpose.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board, except for State apportionments which, as a result of Senate Bill 4 of the 2009-10 Third Extraordinary Session (SBX3 4), may be used for any educational purpose.

Capital Projects Funds The Capital Projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects is used to account for funds set aside for Board designated construction projects.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The District applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has no enterprise funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Internal Service Fund Internal service funds may be used to account for any activity for which services are provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a workers' compensation program and a health and welfare benefits program that are accounted for in internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds.

Trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2010, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county investment pool is determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and expenses in the proprietary funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net assets. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 40 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 40 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net assets. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for revolving cash accounts, stores inventories, prepaid expenditures (expenses), and legally restricted grants and entitlements.

Designations of fund balances consist of that portion of the fund balance that has been designated (set aside) by the governing board to provide for specific purposes or uses. Fund balance designations have been established for economic uncertainties, and other purposes.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The government-wide financial statements reports \$10,940,160 of restricted net assets.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charged to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities, except for the net residual amounts transferred between governmental and business-type activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1st of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2009, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2010, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Fiduciary funds Total Deposits and Investments	\$29,552,670 1,269,987 \$30,822,657
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2010, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,379,006
Cash in revolving	479,796
Investments	28,963,855
Total Deposits and Investments	\$30,822,657

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool.

Specific Identification

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

	Fair	Maturity
Investment Type	Value	Date
County Pool	\$ 29,363,556	248 days*

* Weighted average days to maturity.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2010, of the District's bank balance of \$1,390,469 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund		e			Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		
Federal Government									
Categorical aid	\$ 3,478,892	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
State Government									
Apportionment	4,990,345		-		-		-		
Categorical aid	4,198,656		-		-		-		
Lottery	762,480		-		-		-		
Local Government									
Interest	77,131		8,527		5,968		23,223		
Other Local Sources	1,967,689		-		-		-		
Total	\$15,475,193	\$	8,527	\$	5,968	\$	23,223		

	on-Major vernmental Funds	S	Internal Service Funds Total		duciary Funds
Federal Government					
Categorical aid	\$ 393,802	\$	-	\$ 3,872,694	\$ -
State Government					
Apportionment	-		-	4,990,345	-
Categorical aid	16,910		-	4,215,566	-
Lottery	-		-	762,480	-
Local Government					
Interest	22,773		11,496	155,086	-
Other Local Sources	25,824		111,615	2,105,128	13,278
Total	\$ 459,309	\$	123,111	\$ 16,101,299	\$ 13,278

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2010
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 18,671,449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,671,449
Construction in Progress	7,016,138	1,735,090	8,751,228	-
Total Capital Assets	25,687,587	1,735,090	8,751,228	18,671,449
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	12,784,533	639,764	-	13,424,297
Buildings and Improvements	168,625,205	10,605,941	-	179,231,146
Furniture and Equipment	5,003,154	-	1,555,181	3,447,973
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	186,412,892	11,245,705	1,555,181	196,103,416
Total Capital Assets	212,100,479	12,980,795	10,306,409	214,774,865
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	2,851,207	654,939	-	3,506,146
Buildings and Improvements	73,009,303	5,560,517	-	78,569,820
Furniture and Equipment	2,526,749	231,587	-	2,758,336
Total Accumulated Depreciation	78,387,259	6,447,043	-	84,834,302
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$133,713,220	\$ 6,533,752	\$ 10,306,409	\$129,940,563

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 6,156,924
Food services	32,236
Data processing	193,411
All other administration	32,236
Plant services	32,236
Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities	\$ 6,447,043

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2010, between major and non-major governmental funds, and internal service funds, are as follows:

	Due From								
			Capital	Non-Major	Internal				
	General	1		Governmental	Service				
Due To	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Total			
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 796	\$ -	\$ 762,694	\$ 35,666	\$ 799,156			
Building Fund	-	-	1,750,000	199,901	-	1,949,901			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	330,211	-	-	-	563	330,774			
Internal Service Funds	14,327				1,500,000	1,514,327			
Total	\$ 344,538	\$ 796	\$1,750,000	\$ 962,595	\$1,536,229	\$4,594,158			

The balance of \$1,750,000 is due to the Building Fund from the Capital Facilities Fund for construction expenses related to the Colina Building.

The balance of \$199,901 is due to the Building Fund from the County School Facilities (Non-Major) Fund for modernization projects.

A balance of \$265,276 is due to the Adult Education (Non-Major) Fund from the General Fund for cash flow purposes.

A balance of \$600,400 is due to the General Fund from the Deferred Maintenance (Non-Major) Fund for the remaining revenues that were swept.

The balance of \$1,500,000 is due to the Internal Service Fund (Workers' Compensation) from the Internal Service Fund (Health and Welfare) as a temporary loan.

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From					
	Non-Major					
	General	Governmental				
Transfer To	Fund	Funds	Total			
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,834,097	\$ 2,834,097			
Building Fund	-	1,186,906	1,186,906			
Capital Facilities Fund	-	770,250	770,250			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	2,402,056	-	2,402,056			
Internal Service Funds	18,827	-	18,827			
Total	\$2,420,883	\$ 4,791,253	\$ 7,212,136			

The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for developer fees

Projects for developer fees.	\$ 64,895
The General Fund transferred to the Adult Education Fund for revenue limit pass-through.	2,337,161
The Deferred Maintenance Fund transferred to the General Fund for flexibility.	2,830,097
The County School Facilities fund transferred to the Building Fund for capital outlay.	1,186,906
The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects transferred to the General Fund for	
modernization expenses.	4,000
The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects transferred to the Capital Facilities	
Fund for lease payment.	770,250
The General Fund transferred to the Self Insurance Fund for premium contribution.	18,827
Total	\$ 7,212,136

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

					N	on-Major
	(General		Building	Gov	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
Vendor payables	\$	2,569,099	\$	-	\$	384,998
Salaries and benefits		617,250		-		205,718
Construction		-		262,163		-
Total	\$	3,186,349	\$	262,163	\$	590,716
		Internal		Total		
		Internal Service	Go	Total overnmental	F	iduciary
					F	iduciary Funds
Vendor payables		Service		overnmental	F 	2
Vendor payables Salaries and benefits		Service Funds		overnmental Activities		Funds
A		Service Funds 562,864		Activities 3,516,961		Funds
Salaries and benefits		Service Funds 562,864		overnmental Activities 3,516,961 823,783		Funds

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2010, consists of the following:

	Non-Major									
	General Buildi			Building Governmental					Fi	duciary
		Fund		Fund	Funds		Total]	Funds
Federal financial assistance	\$	103,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103,525	\$	-
State categorical aid		455,279		-		-		455,279		-
Other local		660,492		1,500		291,535		953,527		500
Total	\$	1,219,296	\$	1,500	\$	291,535	\$	1,512,331	\$	500

NOTE 8 - TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRANS)

On July 1, 2009, the District issued \$19,690,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 2.45 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal were due and payable on July 1, 2010. By May 2010, the District had placed 100 percent of principal and interest in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of satisfying the notes. The District was not required to make any additional payments on the notes. As the District has in substance defeased the debt, the tax anticipation notes of \$19,690,000 and related accrued interest and cash held in trust are not included in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance		Balance	Due in	
	July 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2010	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 71,909,240	\$ 2,031,815	\$ 5,735,000	\$ 68,206,055	\$ 6,225,000
Capital leases	4,417,323	-	1,197,282	3,220,041	1,248,038
Compensated absences (vacations)	849,759	141,095	-	990,854	-
Net OPEB obligation	1,713,435	1,330,860	434,556	2,609,739	
	\$ 78,889,757	\$ 3,503,770	\$ 7,366,838	\$ 75,026,689	\$ 7,473,038

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund with local revenues.

The capital leases are paid by the Capital Facilities Fund.

The compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

The postemployment benefits are paid by the General Fund.

Bonded Debt

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series A

In March 1999, the District issued \$30,000,000 original principal of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series A. The 1998 Series A Bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds mature through August 1, 2013, with interest rates from 4.0 to 4.5 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance specific construction and modernization projects approved by the voters and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. In October 2000, the District refunded \$20,755,000 of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series A. At June 30, 2010, the principal balance outstanding was \$9,245,000.

2000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In October 2000, the District issued \$19,020,000 principal amount of the 2000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The 2000 Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds mature through August 1, 2009, with interest rates from 4.00 to 5.75 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series A and pay costs of issuance of the refunding bonds. At June 30, 2010, there was no principal balance outstanding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series B

In October 2000, the District issued \$13,785,000 in current interest bonds and \$19,990,115 in capital appreciation bonds of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series B. The capital appreciation bonds accreting interest to a maturity value of \$38,615,000. The bonds mature through August 1, 2015, with interest rates from 3.85 to 5.40 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance specific construction and modernization projects approved by the voters and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. At June 30, 2010, the principal balance outstanding was \$30,175,549.

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series C

In April 2002, the District issued \$8,205,028 principal amount of the General Obligation Bonds Election of 1998, Series C. The Election of 1998, Series C Bonds were issued as capital appreciation bonds, with the capital bond principal accreting interest to a maturity value of \$18,955,000. The bonds mature through August 1, 2017, with interest rates from 5.55 to 5.60 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance specific construction and modernization projects approved by the voters and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. At June 30, 2010, the principal balance outstanding was \$12,975,506.

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series D

In November 2004, the District issued \$16,015,000 principal amount of the General Obligation Bonds Election of 1998, Series D. The Election of 1998, Series D Bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds mature through August 1, 2019, with interest rates from 2.5 to 4.5 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance specific construction and modernization projects approved by the voters and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. At June 30, 2010, the principal balance outstanding was \$15,810,000.

				Bonds	Additions/		Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding	Accreted		Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2009	Interest	Redeemed	June 30, 2010
Current Interest							
03/01/1999	8/1/2013	4.00-4.50%	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 9,245,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,245,000
10/26/2000	8/1/2009	4.00-5.75%	19,020,000	2,960,000	-	2,960,000	-
11/15/2004	8/1/2019	2.50-4.50%	16,015,000	15,810,000	-	-	15,810,000
Capital Appreciat	tion						
10/26/2000	8/1/2015	4.75-5.40%	19,990,115	31,557,588	1,392,961	2,775,000	30,175,549
04/04/2002	8/1/2017	5.55-5.60%	8,205,028	12,336,652	638,854	-	12,975,506
				\$ 71,909,240	\$ 2,031,815	\$ 5,735,000	\$68,206,055

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	Current Int	erest Bonds	Capital Appreciation Bonds			
				Future		
				Interest		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Accretion	Total	
2011	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 1,042,495	\$ 2,896,842	\$ 28,158	\$ 7,267,495	
2012	1,900,000	932,345	4,454,349	280,651	7,567,345	
2013	1,980,000	847,935	4,766,792	578,208	8,172,935	
2014	2,065,000	757,913	4,847,659	897,341	8,567,913	
2015	-	711,450	6,630,853	1,694,147	9,036,450	
2016-2020	15,810,000	2,853,225	19,554,560	8,165,440	46,383,225	
Total	\$ 25,055,000	\$ 7,145,363	\$ 43,151,055	\$ 11,643,945	\$ 86,995,363	

Capital Leases

The District has agreed to construct, acquire and install certain capital improvements at the Sycamore Canyon Elementary School (the "Project") and to finance the Project by leasing the Project to Public Property Financing Corporation of California (the "Corporation") pursuant to a Site Lease Agreement dated June 14, 2005, and leasing back from the Corporation the site pursuant to the terms of the Sublease/Option Agreement. The Corporation assigned the Site Lease Agreement and the Sublease/Option Agreement to CitiMortgage, Inc. (the "Assignee"). The Corporation is required to either deposit or cause to be deposited with the escrow agent the amount to be used to pay the cost of the Project in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Sublease/Option Agreement and as provided in the Escrow Agreement.

	Capital
	Leases
Balance, July 1, 2009	\$ 4,795,874
Payments	1,370,250
Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 3,425,624

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

	Lease
Fiscal Year	Payment
2011	\$ 1,370,250
2012	1,370,250
2013	685,124
Total	3,425,624
Less: Amount Representing Interest	205,583
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 3,220,041

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2010, amounted to \$990,854.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

The District implemented GASBS No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* during the year ended June 30, 2008. The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$1,245,188 and contributions made by the District during the year were \$328,402. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$85,672 and \$106,154, respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$896,304. As of June 30, 2010, the net OPEB obligation was \$2,609,739. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefit plan.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances with reservations/designations are composed of the following elements:

			Capital	Bond Interest	Non-Major	
	General	Building	Facilities	and Redemption	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Reserved						
Revolving cash	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,000
Stores inventories	170,137	-	-	-	65,118	235,255
Restricted programs	714,322	-	-	-	-	714,322
Other restriction	3,000				-	3,000
Total Reserved	927,459	-	-	-	65,118	992,577
Unreserved						
Designated						
Economic uncertainties	4,901,516	-	-	-	-	4,901,516
Other designation	6,210,145	4,485,422			607	10,696,174
Total Designated	11,111,661	4,485,422	-	-	607	15,597,690
Undesignated	7,509,190	166,501	163,206	7,631,473	2,900,682	18,371,052
Total Unreserved	18,620,851	4,651,923	163,206	7,631,473	2,901,289	33,968,742
Total	\$ 19,548,310	\$ 4,651,923	\$ 163,206	\$ 7,631,473	\$ 2,966,407	\$ 34,961,319

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Conejo Valley Unified School District. The Plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits to eligible retirees. Membership of the Plan consists of 107 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, and 1479 active plan members. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Plan.

Contribution Information

For fiscal year 2009-2010, the District contributed \$328,402 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

\$ 1,245,188
85,672
 (106,154)
1,224,706
 (328,402)
 896,304
 1,713,435
\$ 2,609,739
\$

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

	Annual	Actual		
Year Ended	OPEB	Employer	Percentage	Net OPEB
June 30,	Cost	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation
2008	\$ 1,245,118	\$ 429,582	34.50%	\$ 815,536
2009	1,235,439	337,540	27.32%	1,713,435
2010	1,224,706	328,402	26.81%	2,609,739

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

	Schedule of Funding Progress							
		Actuarial						
		Accrued						
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a		
Actuarial		(AAL) -	AAL			Percentage of		
Valuation	Actuarial Value	Projected	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll		
Date	of Assets (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)		
June 30, 2008	\$ -	\$ 9,688,289	\$ 9,688,289	0%	\$ 112,278,996	8.6%		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0 percent investment rate of return, based on assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets, as appropriate. Healthcare cost trend rates were assumed at an initial rate of 9 percent to an ultimate rate of 5 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the District participates in the Ventura County Schools Self-Funding Authority (VCSSFA) for property and liability insurance coverage. See Note 15 for more information on the VCSSFA. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation and Employee Medical Benefits

The District's workers' compensation and health and welfare benefits are recorded in the Internal Service Funds. The purpose of the fund is to administer workers' compensation, and employee medical benefit claims. The District has obtained insurance coverage that will cover claims within the following ranges to supplement its selfinsurance program:

Workers' Compensation Medical and prescription drugs \$750,000 per claim up to statutory limits \$175,000 per contract period per person

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for workers' compensation, and health and welfare benefits claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	Workers'				
	Compensation	Health Care			
Liability Balance, July 1, 2008	\$ 4,354,515	\$ 1,900,000			
Claims and changes in estimates	(110,602)	21,299,141			
Claims payments	(710,211)	(22,757,792)			
Liability Balance, June 30, 2009	3,533,702	441,349			
Claims and changes in estimates	1,115,192	19,940,780			
Claims payments	(1,115,191)	(19,940,781)			
Liability Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 3,533,703	\$ 441,348			
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2010	\$ 5,028,230	\$ 1,878,377			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

CalSTRS

Plan Description

The District contributes to CalSTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2009-2010 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$6,812,254, \$7,118,239, and \$7,164,676, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

CalPERS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2009-2010 was 9.709 percent of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$2,163,450, \$2,099,828, and \$2,079,527, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employees are calculated according to Federal law.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$3,599,289 (4.267 percent of annual payroll). Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budget amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2010.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2010.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Rem	aining	Expected	
	Construction		Date of	
Capital Projects	Comm	nitment	Completion	
Westlake High School - Modernization	\$	101,947	08/01/10	
Westlake High School - Theater renovation		214,943	08/01/10	
	\$ 3	316,890		

NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS, JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District is a member of the Ventura County Schools Self-Funding Authority (VCSSFA) public entity risk pool. The District pays an annual premium to the VCSSFA for its property liability coverage. The relationship between the District and the pool is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

This entity has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entity and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entity.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District made payments of \$1,199,252 to VCSSFA for services received.

NOTE 16 - FISCAL ISSUES RELATING TO BUDGET REDUCTIONS

The State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy. California school districts are reliant on the State of California to appropriate the funding necessary to continue the level of educational services expected by the State constituency. With the implementation of education trailer bill Senate Bill 16 of the 2009-10 Fourth Extraordinary Session (SBX4 16) (Chapter 23, Statutes of 2009), 25 percent of current year appropriations have now been deferred to a subsequent period, creating significant cash flow management issues for districts in addition to requiring substantial budget reductions, ultimately impacting the ability of California school districts to meet their goals for educational services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

The District issued \$21,385,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes dated July 5, 2010. The notes mature on July 1, 2011, and yield 1.02 percent interest. The notes were sold to supplement cash flow. Repayment requirements are that a percentage of principal and interest be deposited with the Fiscal Agent each month beginning February 2011, until 100 percent of principal and interest due is on account in May 2011.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	(GAAI	Amounts ? Basis)	Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
REVENUES				
Revenue limit sources	\$110,343,891	\$ 103,997,612	\$ 103,952,533	\$ (45,079)
Federal sources	19,339,087	14,151,406	14,334,178	182,772
Other State sources	18,549,651	23,178,441	28,818,671	5,640,230
Other local sources	16,001,353	19,318,815	17,913,097	(1,405,718)
Total Revenues ¹	164,233,982	160,646,274	165,018,479	4,372,205
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	81,779,807	82,834,460	82,626,865	207,595
Classified salaries	22,933,721	23,102,882	25,045,184	(1,942,302)
Employee benefits	32,567,952	32,750,115	36,019,089	(3,268,974)
Books and supplies	9,104,977	14,932,410	6,314,499	8,617,911
Services and operating expenditures	14,614,567	14,965,889	13,776,181	1,189,708
Other outgo	578,310	606,621	424,467	182,154
Capital outlay	105,250	260,057	175,134	84,923
Debt service				
Interest and other		-	180,836	(180,836)
Total Expenditures ¹	161,684,584	169,452,434	164,562,255	4,890,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				.,,,,,.
Expenditures	2,549,398	(8,806,160)	456,224	(517,974)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,			
Transfers in	7,892,700	8,057,997	2,834,097	(5,223,900)
Other sources	, ,	2,064,360	-	(2,064,360)
Transfers out	(8,910,700)	(11,144,455)	(2,420,883)	8,723,572
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,018,000)	(1,022,098)	413,214	1,435,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,531,398	(9,828,258)	869,438	10,697,696
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,678,872	18,678,872	18,678,872	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 20,210,270	\$ 8,850,614	\$ 19,548,310	\$ 10,697,696
5				

¹ On behalf payments of \$3,599,289 are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, but have not been included in the budgeted amounts.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Schedule of Funding Progress									
		Actuarial Accrued							
Actuarial		Liability (AAL) -	Unfunded AAL			UAAL as a Percentage of			
Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Projected Unit Credit (b)	(UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Covered Payroll ([b - a] / c)			
June 30, 2008	\$ -	\$ 9,688,289	\$ 9,688,289	0%	\$ 112,278,996	8.6%			

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Pass-Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States Cluster			
Adult Basic Education - Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	\$ 123,097
Adult Basic Education - Adult Secondary	84.002	13978	3,562
Adult Basic Education - English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	79,656
Total Adult Education - Basic Grants to			
States Cluster			206,315
Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998			
Secondary Education	84.048	14894	88,436
Passed through Ventura County Superintendent of Schools Office:			
Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA)			
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	3,482,237
Basic Local Assistance ARRA, Part B, Section 611	84.391	15003	3,037,657
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	119,162
Preschool Grants ARRA, Part B, Section 619	84.392	15000	160,867
Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 (Age 3-4-5)	84.027A	13682	244,152
Preschool Local Entitlement ARRA, Part B, Section 611	84.391	15002	31,417
Infant Discretionary, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	13612	617
Low-Incidence Entitlement, Part B, Sec 617	84.027A	13459	2,141
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			7,078,250
No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB)			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I, Part A - Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	1,382,735
Title I, Part A - ARRA Basic Grants Low Income and			
Neglected	84.389	15005	701,017
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			2,083,752
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF)	84.394	25008	9,755,237
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Local Grants	84.367	14341	471,834
Education Technology State Grants Cluster			
Title II, Part D - Enhancing Education Through			
Technology (EETT), Formula Grants	84.318	14344	18,880
Total Education Technology State Grants			
Cluster			18,880

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Program Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through CDE:			
English Language Acquisition Grants	04.265	10004	• • • • • • • • • •
Title III - Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	10084	\$ 211,814
Title III - Immigrant Education Program	84.365	14346	46,582
Total English Language Acquisition Grants			258,396
Title IV, Part A - Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities, Formula Grants	84.186	14247	46 250
	84.180 84.298A	14347 14354	46,259 2,460
Title V, Part A - Innovative Education Strategies Total U.S. Department of Education	84.298A	14554	2,460
Total 0.5. Department of Education			20,009,819
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster			
Basic School Breakfast Program	10.553	13390	68,991
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	305,883
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13524	1,381,495
Meal Supplement	10.555	13396	10,727
Food Distribution	10.555	[1]	183,257
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,950,353
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through California Department of Health Services: Medicaid Cluster			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	242,027
Medical Administrative Activities Program	93.778	10060	1,017
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human			
Services			243,044
Total Federal Programs			\$ 22,203,216

[1] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2010

ORGANIZATION

The Conejo Valley Unified School District was established on July 1, 1974, and consists of an area comprising approximately 139 square miles. The District operates 17 elementary schools, five middle schools, three high schools, a continuation, and an adult education program, an alternate education site, and a preschool program. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Patricia Phelps	President	December 2010
Peggy Buckles	Vice President	December 2012
Betsy Connolly	Clerk	December 2012
Timothy Stephens, Ed.D.	Member	December 2010
Mike Dunn	Member	December 2010

ADMINISTRATION

Mario Contini	Superintendent
Jeffrey Baarstad, Ed.D.	Deputy Superintendent
Janet Cosaro	Assistant Superintendent, Instructional Services
Timothy Carpenter	Assistant Superintendent, Personnel Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Final Report	rt
	Second Period Report	Annual Report
ELEMENTARY		
Kindergarten	1,283	1,289
First through third	3,996	4,006
Fourth through sixth	4,406	4,410
Seventh and eighth	2,963	2,962
Home and hospital	2	3
Special education	331	339
Total Elementary	12,981	13,009
SECONDARY		
Regular classes	6,990	6,963
Continuation education	171	172
Home and hospital	2	2
Special education	220	224
Total Secondary	7,383	7,361
Total K-12	20,364	20,370

	1982-83	Reduced 1982-83	1986-87	Reduced 1986-87	2009-10	Number	of Days	
	Actual	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Grade Level	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	31,500	30,975	36,000	35,000	36,000	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	44,380	48,096	50,400	49,000	,			1
Grade 1	,	,	,	,	50,670	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2					50,670	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3					50,670	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	53,375	48,096	54,000	52,500				-
Grade 4					54,000	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5					54,000	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6					54,150	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	53,375	48,096	54,000	52,500				
Grade 7					56,136	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8					56,136	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	53,375	48,096	64,800	63,000				
Grade 9					65,105	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 10					65,495	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 11					65,225	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 12					65,315	180	N/A	Complied

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

	Building
	 Fund
FUND BALANCE	
Balance, June 30, 2010, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 5,268,991
Decrease in:	
Cash with fiscal agent	 (617,068)
Balance, June 30, 2010, Audited Financial Statement	\$ 4,651,923

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	(Budget) 2011^{1}	2010	2000	2008
GENERAL FUND	2011	2010	2009	2008
	¢ 146 500 247	¢ 165 019 470	¢ 170 240 201	¢ 177 049 577
Revenues	\$ 146,502,347	\$ 165,018,479	\$ 172,342,321	\$ 177,048,527
Other sources and transfers in	1,202,000	2,834,097	1,522,473	4,000
Total Revenues				
and Other Sources	147,704,347	167,852,576	173,864,794	177,052,527
Expenditures	151,495,571	164,562,255	170,966,411	172,385,229
Other uses and transfers out	3,746,539	2,420,883	59,764	2,811,324
Total Expenditures				
and Other Uses	155,242,110	166,983,138	171,026,175	175,196,553
INCREASE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (7,537,763)	\$ 869,438	\$ 2,838,619	\$ 1,855,974
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 12,010,547	\$ 19,548,310	\$ 18,678,872	\$ 15,840,253
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 11,406,911	\$ 12,410,706	\$ 7,671,920	\$ 8,728,135
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO ³	7.35%	7.60%	4.59%	5.10%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	N/A	\$ 75,026,689	\$ 78,889,757	\$ 81,900,753
K-12 AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2 ⁴	20,311	20,364	20,870	21,206

The General Fund balance has increased by \$3,708,057 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2010-2011 budget projects a decrease of \$7,537,763 (38.56 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2010-2011 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$6,874,064 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 842 over the past two years. Additional decline of 53 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2010-2011.

¹Budget 2011 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

³ On behalf payments of \$3,599,289, \$3,964,420, and \$3,922,764 have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008.

⁴ Excludes adult education ADA.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010

	Adult Education Fund		De	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund	
ASSETS							
Deposits and investments	\$	461,793	\$	954,914	\$	33,508	
Receivables		117,037		27,296		295,838	
Due from other funds		265,276		40		563	
Stores inventories		-		-	_	65,118	
Total Assets	\$	844,106	\$	982,250	\$	395,027	
LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	347,506	\$	72,365	\$	150,663	
Due to other funds		107,949		4,030		50,275	
Deferred revenue		-		291,535		-	
Total Liabilities		455,455		367,930		200,938	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for:							
Stores inventories		-		-		65,118	
Unreserved:							
Designated		-		-		607	
Undesignated, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		388,651		614,320		128,364	
Capital projects funds		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balance		388,651		614,320		194,089	
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances	\$	844,106	\$	982,250	\$	395,027	

Deferred Maintenance Fund		County School Facilities Fund		Caj	cial Reserve Fund for pital Outlay Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	591,313 9,127	\$	199,901 3,378	\$	1,714,623 6,633 64,895	\$	3,956,052 459,309 330,774 65,118	
\$	600,440	\$	203,279	\$	1,786,151	\$	4,811,253	
\$	600,440	\$	- 199,901 - 199,901	\$	20,182 20,182	\$	590,716 962,595 291,535 1,844,846	
	-		-		-		65,118	
	-		-		-		607	
	-		-		-		1,131,335	
	-		3,378		1,765,969		1,769,347	
	-		3,378		1,765,969		2,966,407	
\$	600,440	\$	203,279	\$	1,786,151	\$	4,811,253	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Adult Education Fund		De	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	206,315	\$	-	\$	1,950,353
Other State sources		(30,183)		(132,173)		151,592
Other local sources		1,969,480		4,380,032		3,099,719
Total Revenues		2,145,612		4,247,859		5,201,664
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		2,952,504		-		-
Instruction-related activities:						
School site administration		509,250		-		-
Pupil services:						
Food services		-		-		5,182,564
All other pupil services		32,743		-		-
Administration:						
All other administration		527,100		369,908		-
Plant services		132,493		-		30,065
Facility acquisition and construction		20,880		-		-
Enterprise services		-		3,948,520		-
Total Expenditures		4,174,970		4,318,428		5,212,629
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(2,029,358)		(70,569)		(10,965)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		2,337,161		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		2,337,161		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		307,803		(70,569)		(10,965)
Fund Balance - Beginning		80,848		684,889		205,054
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	388,651	\$	614,320	\$	194,089

Deferred Maintenance Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,156,668	
-	199,901	-	189,137	
62,581	10,550	41,886	9,564,248	
62,581	210,451	41,886	11,910,053	
-	-	-	2,952,504	
-	-	-	509,250	
-	-	-	5,182,564	
-	-	-	32,743	
-	-	-	897,008	
-	-	-	162,558	
234,603	106,444	91,199	453,126	
-	-		3,948,520	
234,603	106,444	91,199	14,138,273	
(172,022)	104,007	(49,313)	(2,228,220)	
-	-	64,895	2,402,056	
(2,830,097)	(1,186,906)	(774,250)	(4,791,253)	
(2,830,097)	(1,186,906)	(709,355)	(2,389,197)	
(3,002,119)	(1,082,899)	(758,668)	(4,617,417)	
3,002,119	1,086,277	2,524,637	7,583,824	
\$ -	\$ 3,378	\$ 1,765,969	\$ 2,966,407	

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues that have not been expended by June 30, 2010. The unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the General Fund.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Description		
Total Federal Revenues Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		\$ 16,490,846
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	84.394	5,727,319
Medical Administrative Activities Program	93.778	(23,955)
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	9,006
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 22,203,216

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirements, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201. Senate Bill 2 of the 2009-2010 Fourth Extraordinary Session (SBX4 2) allows for an equivalent five-day reduction to the required number of instructional minutes for the fiscal years 2009-2010 through 2012-2013.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District Thousand Oaks, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Conejo Valley Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise Conejo Valley Unified School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting; 2010-1. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Conejo Valley Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2010-1.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Conejo Valley Unified School District in a separate letter dated December 15, 2010.

Conejo Valley Unified School District's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Conejo Valley Unified School District's response and, accordingly, express no opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vavrinek, Trine, Day + Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 15, 2010



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District Thousand Oaks, California

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Conejo Valley Unified School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Conejo Valley Unified School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of Conejo Valley Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Conejo Valley Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Conejo Valley Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Conejo Valley Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Conejo Valley Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Conejo Valley Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conejo Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vavrinek, Trine, Day + Co., LLP Rancho Cucamonga, California December 15, 2010



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District Thousand Oaks, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Conejo Valley Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2009-10*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants listed below is the responsibility of Conejo Valley Unified School District's management. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Conejo Valley Unified School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures in Audit Guide	Procedures Performed	
Attendance Accounting:			
Attendance reporting	8	Yes	
Kindergarten continuance	3	Yes	
Independent study	23	Yes	
Continuation education	10	Yes	
Instructional Time:			
School districts	6	Yes	
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable	
Instructional Materials:			
General requirements	8	Yes	
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes	
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes	
Early retirement incentive	4	Not Applicable	
Gann limit calculation	1	Yes	
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes	
Public hearing requirement - receipt of funds	1	Yes	

	Procedures in Audit Guide	Procedures Performed
Class Size Reduction Program (including in Charter Schools):		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	Not Applicable
District or charter schools with only one school serving K-3	4	Not Applicable
After School Education and Safety Program		
General requirements	4	Not Applicable
After school	4	Not Applicable
Before school	5	Not Applicable
Charter Schools:		• •
Contemporaneous records of attendance	1	Not Applicable
Mode of instruction	1	Not Applicable
Non classroom-based instruction/independent study	15	Not Applicable
Determination of funding for non classroom-based instruction	3	Not Applicable
Annual instruction minutes classroom based	3	Not Applicable

Based on our audit, we found that for the items tested, the Conejo Valley Unified School District complied with the State laws and regulations referred to above. Further, based on our audit, for items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the Conejo Valley Unified School District had not complied with the laws and regulations. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Conejo Valley Unified School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations referred to above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vavrinek, Trine, Day + Co., LLP Rancho Cucamonga, California

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 15, 2010 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:		Qualified
Internal control over financial reporting		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies?		Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are rec	quired to be reported in accordance with	
Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133	3?	No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.027, 84,027A, 84.173, 84.391	Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	
ARRA, and 84.392 ARRA		
84.010, 84.389 ARRA	Title I, Part A Cluster (includes ARRA)	•
84.394 ARRA	ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF)	•
93.778	Medicaid Cluster	•
		-

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 666,096
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

STATE AWARDS

Internal control over State programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for State programs:	Unqualified

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The following findings represent significant deficiencies, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The findings have been coded as follows:

Five Digit CodeAB 3627 Finding Type30000Internal Control

2010-1 30000

HEALTH AND WELFARE – DEFICIT RETAINED EARNINGS

Findings

The Health and Welfare portion of the District's Internal Service Fund had a deficit net assets amount of \$566,684, as of June 30, 2010.

Recommendation

Although the District's deficit improved significantly during the current fiscal year, it still remains a significant deficit. Accordingly, the District's premium contribution should continue to increase. The District should continue with its plan to reduce the deficit.

District Response

The District has increased the health and welfare rates levied against the salaries of its employees to sustain the increase in the premium cost. In addition, the risk management department is actively closing open cases and is very involved in the management of the current cases.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District Thousand Oaks, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Conejo Valley Unified School District (the District), for the year ended June 30, 2010, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

During our audit we followed up on the prior year findings and recommendations as noted below. This letter does not affect our report dated December 15, 2010, on the government-wide financial statements of Conejo Valley Unified School District.

2009-2010 Observations and Recommendations

EARTH'S ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Cash Receipting and Reconciling Procedures

Observation

It appears that the site does not provide adequate controls over cash receipts. Pre-numbered receipts are not used to account for cash collections and therefore, there is no reconciliation between issued receipts and bank deposits.

Recommendation

Pre-numbered receipts should be issued for all cash collections by teacher, advisors, and the site bookkeeper which would include a specific description of the source of the funds. A carbon copy of the receipts issued by the teachers and advisors should be forwarded with the cash to the bookkeeper as documentation that all monies collected have been turned in. The receipts issued to teachers and advisors from the bookkeeper should be totaled and reconciled to the current bank deposit. A system to mark the last receipt which corresponds to a deposit must be started in order to know which receipts are related to the current bank deposit. The basic premise of a cash receipt system is that receipts are written at the time the cash is collected and not at the time the deposit is being made. If the receipts are written at this time, the bookkeeper would have no way of knowing if money is misplaced or has been stolen.

2008-2009 Observations and Recommendations

DISTRICT OFFICE - FIXED ASSETS INVENTORY

Observation

During our examination, it came to our attention that the District does not maintain a complete and current equipment inventory. In order to accurately report fixed assets, the District's fixed assets accounting system should provide for the following:

- Maintain detail records indicating asset description, acquisition date and costs, funding source, location and serial/identification.
- Such detailed property records should be periodically checked by physical inventory with differences reconciled and records adjusted to reflect changes.
- Have procedures in place governing the disposition of property and equipment including monitoring the disposition of property acquired with grant funds.

We also noted specific areas of concern as they relate to assets currently in the system and the proper reporting of those assets in the financial statements:

- Assets were recorded in the system but coded so that there was no corresponding depreciation. This results in the overstatement of assets and the understatement of depreciation expense.
- Items were noted in the system as capital assets when in reality they should have been expensed in the year the cost was incurred and not shown as a capitalized asset. This would include yearly renewals of software licenses.

Recommendation

District management should review its procedures relating to the fixed assets accounting system and implement appropriate modifications to ensure safeguarding of assets and compliance with Federal and State requirements.

Current Status

Implemented

ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY

Colina Middle School

Observation

Internal controls over the disbursement process are not in place. Check request forms are not used, resulting in a lack of evidence for the approval of the disbursement. In addition, 21 out of 21expenditures tested were purchased prior to being approved. It appears that employees would be reimbursed without submitting supporting documentation.

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District

Recommendation

Before checks are written out of the account, a check request form should be completed and include the required authorization signatures. The number of reimbursements should be limited and checks issued directly to vendors after receiving invoices. All check requests and invoices should be kept on file to support the expenditures made from the account.

Current Status

Implemented

CASH COLLECTIONS

Ladera Elementary School

Observation

During our audit of cash collections, auditor was unable to reconcile cash on hand to receipts due because a regular receipt book was not maintained. The library did issue receipts, but from multiple receipt books making cash on hand unverifiable. It was also noted that no form of receipting exists for the librarian when she gives a prepared deposit for the district office to pick up at the front office.

Recommendation

A single pre-numbered receipt book should be utilized for all school site locations where cash is collected and should be reconciled to cash on hand. When deposits to the district office are prepared, copies of pre-numbered receipts issued should be included to reconcile to the cash being deposited along with an explanation for any discrepancies.

Current Status

Implemented

Receipting Site Cash

Observation

Prenumbered receipts are not being used for the collection of money received for lost/damaged books or other funds which are subsequently forwarded to the District office.

Recommendation

It is necessary to receipt and reconcile the receipts to bank deposits for the student body funds. The same procedure should be followed for the funds subsequently forwarded to the District Office. These District funds should be forwarded in a timely manner.

Governing Board Conejo Valley Unified School District

Current Status

Implemented

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Varcinek, Trine, Day + Co. LLP Rancho Cucamonga, California December 15, 2010